

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend paragraph [0014] as follows.

Further, when a noise insulation property of the interior material is taken into consideration in the present invention, it is preferable that the structure member is formed of any one of polyurethane, polypropylene, ABS resin, and AES resin, and it is preferable that the noise absorption layer is continuous foam body and/or a woolie fiber aggregate formed of at least one of low repulsion urethane, semi-rigid urethane, PET (polyethylene terephthalate) resin, and polystyrene resin.

Please amend paragraph [0032] as follows.

Further, in the interior material 3, the noise absorption layer 5 is formed on the outside surface of the structure member 4, and further the surface clad material 6 is formed on the surface of the noise absorption layer 5 opposite to the structure member 4. Although the material of the noise absorption layer 5 is not particularly limited, it is preferably a layer of a continuous foam body and/or a woolie fiber aggregate formed of at least any one of, for example, low repulsion urethane, semi-rigid urethane, PET resin, and polystyrene resin. The continuous foam body and the fiber aggregate can be easily molded in conformity with the structure member 4, and communication pores/ventilation spaces can be easily formed therein. For this reason, since complicated minute spaces are formed in the noise absorption layer 5, noise which had entered the noise absorption layer 5 can be very effectively absorbed even if it has a small wall thickness. Note that, in this embodiment, the wall thickness of the noise absorption layer 5 is not particularly limited and may be appropriately set according to an object.

Please amend paragraph [0046] as follows.

In addition, as the panel forming body 1' (FIG. 2), a panel forming body having a 5 mm thick noise absorption layer 7 formed on the inside surface 4' of the structure member 4 was used, in addition to a material and a dimension of the panel forming body 1. For comparison, the noise insulation test was also executed to a specimen, which was composed of a 4.5 mm thick hot rolled steel sheet having a 20 mm thick sound absorption material formed of a PET woolie fiber material and attached to one surface of the sheet, and to a specimen composed of a 4.5 mm thick simple hot rolled steel sheet (steel sheet having no sound absorption material attached thereto).

Please amend paragraph [0065] as follows.

To explain a case that the structure member 11 is formed of, for example, rigid foamed polyurethane, more specifically, isocyanate and a reactive resin material pf polyol containing a foaming agent which are separately accommodated in material tanks by a low pressure dosing machine are first supplied into a mixing head (not shown) disposed just in front of the mold 50 in predetermined amounts respectively and mixed therein. When the reactive resin material is poured into the mold 50 at low pressure, a mechanism for rotating a stirring blade by an electric motor is disposed in, for example, the mixing head and the reactive resin material is mixed while being stirred.

Please amend paragraph [0066] as follows.

In contrast, when the reactive resin material is poured at a high pressure dosing machine, no stirring mechanism is necessary, and the reactive resin material is mixed by collision. Thereafter, the mixed reactive resin material is injected into the cavity of the mold 50 from the mixing head at low temperature. At the time, it is possible to supply the polyol previously containing water as the foaming agent into the mixing chamber, or a catalyst, a curing agent, a foam stabilizer, and the like may be ~~further~~ further added to the reactive resin material, if necessary.

Please amend paragraph [0068] as follows.

At this time, when the mold 50 is designed such that a lid member 18 used to form the air conditioning duct 15 described above can be also molded at a same time, the structure member 11 and the lid member 18 can be effectively molded by an a (reaction) injection molding process executed once.

Please amend paragraph [0073] as follows.

A molded product, in which the structure member 11, the noise absorption layer 13, and the surface clad material 14 are integrated, can be obtained by (reaction) injection-molding the noise absorption layer 13 as described above. Thereafter, the interior material 10 according to the embodiment can be obtained by, for example, bending a portion of the surface clad material 14 protruding from the noise absorption layer 13 to a noise absorption layer 13 side and bonding the portion. Even if, for example, the structure member 11 and the

noise absorption layer have complicated shapes, the interior material 10 can be obtained stably at low cost by manufacturing the interior material 10 as described above.